

Northumbria University NEWCASTLE

Efficient Energy Management with Emphasis on EVs Charging/Discharging Strategy

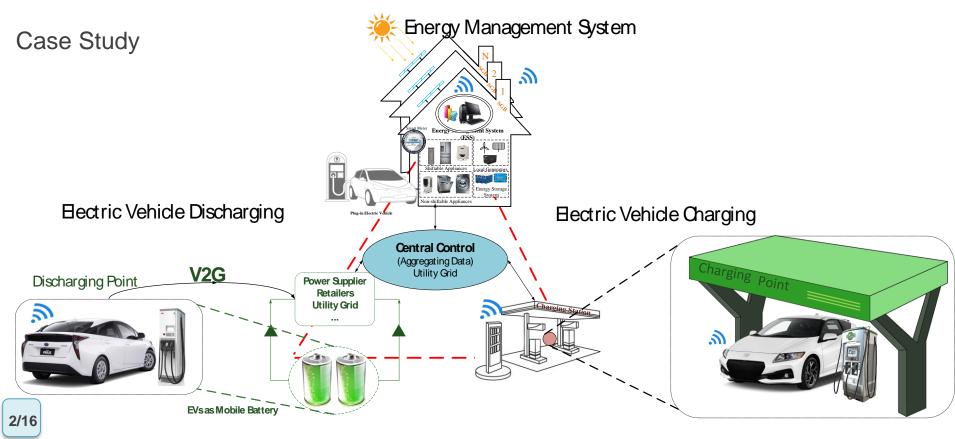
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October 20, 2018

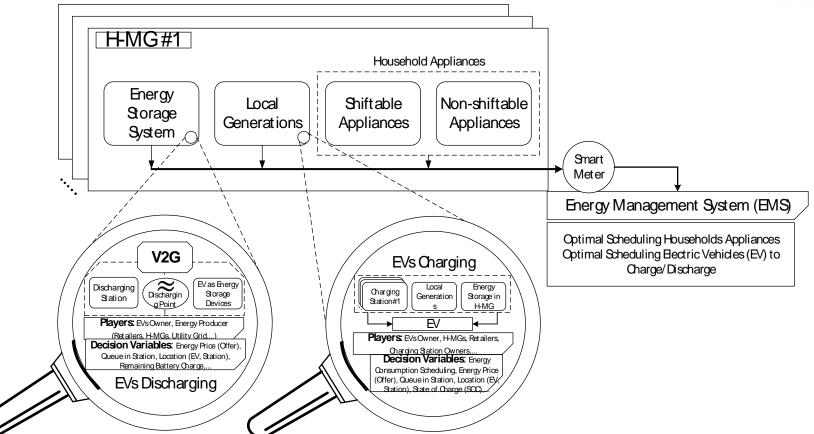
Outline

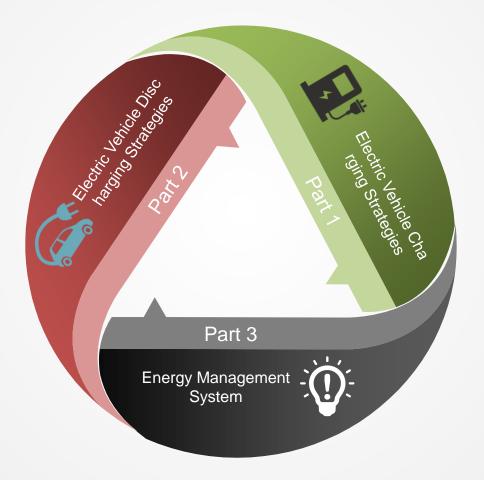
- Problem Definition
- Research Questions
- Aims & Objectives
- Methodology
- Work-Plan

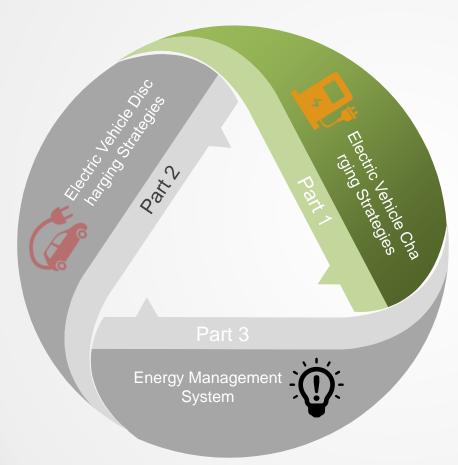






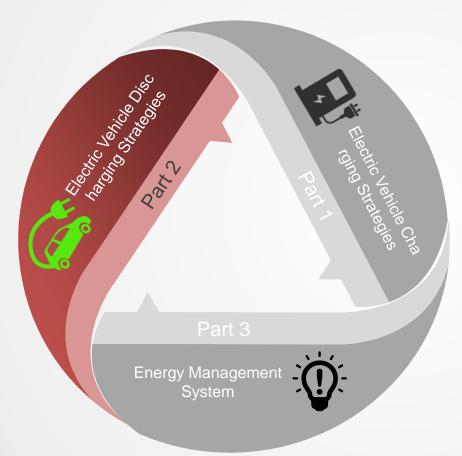






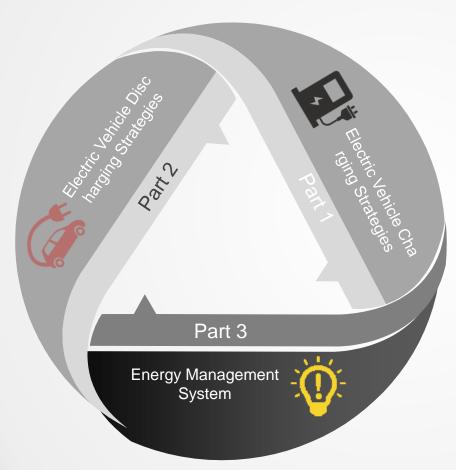
EVs Charging

- EVs owners want to charge their battery from the most profitable Energy Producer Whenever they wish.
- Purchasing Energy from: Charging Stations, H-MGs, Retailers,...
- Charge Priority: Charge from WT, PV The Profitable Energy Source
- **Objective Function:** SOC, Queue, Trust of Station, Location, Electricity Price,...



EVs Discharge

- To Meet Unpredictable Consumer Demand
- Known as Short-time Ancillary Services.
 (V2G)
- Selling Energy to: H-MGs, Retailers, Utility Grid,...
- **Discharge Priority:** Discharge in H-MG (ES, Immediate use) The Profitable Buyer
- Objective Function:
 Queue, Location, Electricity Price,
 Remaining of Battery,...



Energy Management System

- Home Micro-Grid is known as Smart Green Build ing (SGB)
- Energy Generation Units (WT, PV, DG, EWH,...)
- Household Appliances (Shitfable, Non-shiftable)
- Production & Consumption (Simultaneous)
- Consumption Priority: WT, PV
- Production Priority: WT,PV
- Scheduling Appliances Consumption: To Minimize H-MG's Owner Costs

Research Question



What are the applicable strategies for generation units and consumers to control the peak and reduce costs, respectively?

What is the impact of demand-side management on the scheduling consuming applications, and thereby cost reduction?

What is the optimum scheduling to charge & discharge batteries as well as to use the power?

How might the energy management, in terms of profit and loss, simultaneously lead to optimal collective pay-off?

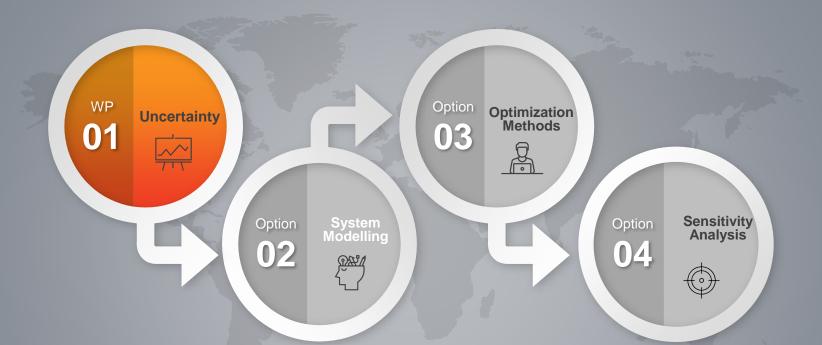
aim

- Empowering efficient management of the power supply and demand
- Minimizing the total operational costs
- Manage and handle the peak time
- Achieve cost optimization
- Reduce carbon emissions
- Expand the use of renewable energy resources
- Facilitate the exchanges between EVs with energy providers
- Make power system reliable
- Improve grid stability

Methodology

The proposed Approach consists of four work-packages (WP) including:





In the project, uncertainty includes:

01

Uncertainty regarding EVs users' behaviours (Propose Several Categories for Trips) Uncertainty regarding local generations (Weibull distribution and Markov chain, RSM (Response Surface Methodology), Taguchi, Scenario reduction,...) Uncertainty regarding load profile data (Time series, Non-linear Regression, ARCH-GARCH)







The system modelling consists of three parts as follows:

Households Appliances Scheduling EVs Charging Scheduling EVs Discharging Scheduling





Optimization Methods for:



- Optimal Scheduling for Home-Micro grids by Energy Management System (EMS)
- Optimal Scheduling for Charging/Discharging the EVs
- The Profitable Station to Charge/Discharge
- Battery Energy Storage Schedule
- Power Sold/Purchased from





Sensitivity Analysis

Improvement of Mechanism Design Designing Incentive Mechanisms for EVs, Stations, and H-MGs



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Novelty and Originality

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3

4

To maximize the number of facilitated local exchanges by H-MGs, and EVs

To minimize CO2 emissions as much as possible.

To enhance the charging station QoS by incentive mechanisms

To improve drastically reliability of power grid by improving V2G system



A three-year work-plan



Effic	ient Energy Management with Emphasis on EVs Charging/Discharging Strategy	Yea			1		Y	⁄ear 2				Yea	r 3		Milestone 1:
Task	Description of Task	Q1	a	2 4	13 Q4	Q1	a	2 03	0	4 Q1	1	Q2	QЗ	Q4	Building a Valid
0 1	Management, Training and Reporting Activities														Collection
0A	Literature Review														
0b	Project Team Review Meeting	Biweekly									Milestone 2: To Schedule				
0C	International Workshop and Seminar		Twice a Year							Households					
1 S	Itatistical Analysis on Data	Та	ask 1	Ь											Appliances Consumptions
1A	Data Collection (Type of trip (EVs), Generation units (WT,PV,DG,EWH,), Previous Load Profiles)														Milestone 3:
1B	Data Analysis	•													To Find the
1C	Estimation of Uncertainty (Time Series, NN, Linear Regression, RSM, Taguchi, Scenario Reduction Methods and etc)		>		1										Economics Charging Station
2 N	lechanism Design for Appliances Scheduling		,		Task	2	3								from EVs Users Point of View
2A	Energy Consumption Modelling (Energy Management Regulation via Appliances Scheduling)			•											FOILTOI VIEW
2B	Energy Storage Strategy (DSM with ES)			•		5	2								Milestone 4: To To Motivate EVs
2C	Demand Response Market Modelling (Dynamic Pricing in Demand Response Markets)						P								Usersto Support
3 5	Strategies for Plug-in Electric Vehicles Charging					h		1	Fask 3						the Network
зA	Real-time Decision-making about the Profitable Charging Station (Under Objective-Function-EVC)														Milestone 5:
4	Strategies for Plug-in Electric Vehicles Discharging (EVs as Mobile ES)									Task 4			3	Ρ	Reaching The Network
4A	To Motivate EV/sas Mobile Storage to Support the Network at peak times (Utility Grid, Stations, Retailers,)							1							Equilibrium & Improvingit's
4B	Real-time Decision-making about the Profitable Discharging Station (Under Objective-Function-EVD)												4	P	Performance
5 G	Slobal Equilibrium of Network											Ti	ask s	5	Symbols
5A	Using Artificial Intelligence & Optimization Methods For Reaching Optimal Scheduling														Milestone
5B	Smulation results, Results From Real Data												>	h	Potential Pape
5C	Sensitivity Analysis, Comparing Results & Testing												-	•	Link of Sub tasks
5D	Improvement and Adjustment of The Mechanism											P	5		Link of Tasl



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Thank You For Attention

Any Questions?